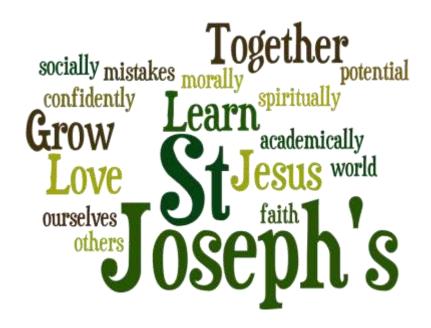


Positive Behaviour and Anti-Bullying Policy



Date reviewed:	LAC 1 – Advent 2023
Date approved:	Advent 2023
Date for next review:	Autumn 2024



At ST JOSEPH'S WE LOVE, LEARN AND GROW TOGETHER!

LOVE	LOVE LEARN	
Love of our faith	Learn about our faith and Jesus	Spiritually
Love of Learning	Achieve our potential	Academically
Love life/the world	Learn from our mistakes	Morally
Love ourselves	Learn who we are / who I am	Confidently
Love others	Learn from others	Socially

St. Joseph's is a Catholic Primary School providing a Catholic education based upon the values of the Gospel. Catholic values are promoted through co-operation with family, parish and local community to enable each child to develop their full potential.

Parents play the most important role in teaching and modelling good behaviour. It is expected that parents will have taught their children to respect the feelings and property of others. In this school, we reinforce the attitudes and discipline which begins at home and acknowledge that everyone within our school community has a role to play in order to create a positive learning environment and promote good manners and discipline. Good relationships between staff and children, setting high expectations and having agreed strategies for encouraging good behaviour, all have a bearing on the way children behave. An organised, attractive and welcoming classroom environment gives clear messages to the children about the extent to which they and their efforts are valued.

Staff and Governors of St. Joseph's believe that positive behaviour is an essential condition for effective learning and teaching. We also believe that pupils and staff have the right to learn and teach in an environment which is safe, friendly, peaceful and fair. The school community has defined a very clear set of non-negotiable standards of personal behaviour, which are based on respect for each individual in our community and their individual needs. Our community places self-discipline and a real sense of justice at the core in our determination to provide opportunities where each individual can flourish and develop in safety. Positive behaviour must be carefully developed and supported. Appropriate high self-esteem promotes good behaviour, effective learning and positive relationships. Put simply, we believe pupils learn best when they feel safe and happy in school.

The best results in terms of promoting positive behaviour arise from emphasising potential, rewarding success and giving praise for effort and achievement. We also know it is important to strike a balance between recognising positive behaviour and having appropriate consequences which are seen by all to be fair and just, and applied consistently when standards are not maintained. Through the example which adults who care for them in school and through well-developed planned and stimulating learning opportunities, we believe that children can accept learning challenges and develop self-discipline. It is the responsibility of parents and carers to work with the school in helping to foster positive attitudes and behaviour.

Aims of our Positive Behaviour Policy

- Help, working alongside parents, to encourage our children to develop socially, academically, orally and spiritually in preparation for a positive role in society.
- Ensure that everyone is clear about their role when managing a pupil's behaviour.
- Encourage a calm, purposeful and happy atmosphere within school.
- Help our children develop into caring and thoughtful individuals who respect and value the feelings, opinions, beliefs, property and differences of others.

- Encourage increasing independence and self-discipline so that each child learns to accept responsibility for their own behaviour and makes good choices.
- Help our children develop appropriate self-esteem.
- Encourage our pupils to co-operate with one another and with the adults in school.
- To develop skills necessary to resolve conflict and differences of opinion with sensitivity.
- A consistent approach to behaviour throughout the school with parental cooperation and involvement.
- Help create a positive, stimulating learning environment where positive attitudes and behaviour are encourages and rewarded.
- Make the children aware of unacceptable behaviour.
- Allow all children equal opportunities to learn.
- Allow all adults in school equal opportunities to fulfill their role.
- Reward and encourage positive behaviour.
- Use sanctions where appropriate in accordance with this policy.

Encouraging Positive Behaviour

We support positive behaviour and a positive environment through;

- A consistent approach by the whole school community.
- Encouraging our children to see themselves as part of a whole school community and recognising their responsibility within this.
- Providing a clear and positive learning experiences fairly and consistently.
- Offering a broad and balanced curriculum that is well planned, prepared and stimulating.
- Appreciating and following the agreed Code of Conduct
- Monitoring pupil attendance and taking swift action where necessary.
- Constructive whole school planning for PSHE.
- Developing the voice of the child, through for example the Junior Leadership Team, Faith Ambassadors and the Eco Council.
- Developing the skills of co-operation and discussion.
- Encouraging everyone to take pride in the school environment.
- Having a positive and consistent approach to playtimes and lunchtimes.
- Creating a stimulating classroom environment.
- Use of rewards, incentives and responsibilities as motivational tools.
- Pupil involvement in events e.g. Open morning, greeting at door and taking assembly.
- Parental involvement

 volunteers, FOSJS events and school events
- Community links

Classroom Management and Curricular Provision

- The maintenance of positive behaviour within the school is the responsibility of all the staff. Individual staff have particular responsibilities e.g. within their own classroom or when on duty supervising corridors, cloakrooms and play areas.
- Staff endeavour to model desirable behaviour and attitudes and avoid negative cycles of behaviour.
- Every opportunity is taken to support self-discipline, whereby children are personally involved and accept responsibility for their own actions and behaviours.
- Teaching methods, lesson content and other curriculum linked activities encourage active participation and support the school aims to develop the skills, knowledge and understanding which will enable the children to work and play in co-operation with others.
- Pupils have age appropriate responsibilities assigned to them to create a collaborative ethos and promote well-being and shared stewardship of the school.
- Praise is used to encourage good behaviour as well as good work and constructive criticism is a private matter between teacher/assistant and child where possible.
- Classroom assistant/teachers may (under guidance) discretely relay specific guidance on the management of a particular pupil to other key personnel in school to support that pupil's needs.
- All staff and pupils are familiar with our school aims and our Code of Conduct.

For a safe and happy school, we are expected to:



Arrive at school on time.
Take pride in our school building.
Wear our school uniform with pride.
Look after our belongings.
Be truthful, well-mannered and kind.
Act responsibly and set a good example for others.
Take responsibility for our actions in school, on trips and online.
Keep our school litter free.
Exercise self-control.

Rights and Responsibilities

Staff have the right to ...

Work in an environment where common courtesies and social conventions are respected.

Express their views and contribute to policies which they are required to reflect in their work.

A suitable career structure and opportunities for professional development.

Support and advice from senior colleagues and external bodies.

Adequate and appropriate accommodation and resources.

Staff have the responsibility to ...

Behave in a professional manner at all times.

Promote positive behaviour.

Show interest and enthusiasm in the work produced for pupils and in their pupils' learning.

Listen to the pupils, value their contributions and respect their views where appropriate.

To support, praise, and as appropriate, reward pupils' good behaviour.

To apply sanctions fairly, consistently, proportionately and reasonably, taking account of individuals and circumstances.

Expect high standards and acknowledge effort and achievement.

Pupils have the right to ...

Be valued as members of the school community.

Get help when they seek it whether with work or with bullying or other personal issues and to have a sympathetic audience for their ideas and concerns, where appropriate.

Be treated fairly, consistently, and with respect.

Be consulted about matters that affect them and have their views listened to and, as far as is reasonable, acted upon.

Work and play within clearly defined and fairly administered codes of conduct.

Pupils have the responsibility to ...

Arrive at school on time, wearing the correct uniform, with homework done, and suitably equipped for the day ahead.

Respect views, rights, and property of others, and behave safely and appropriately both in and out of class.

Co-operate in school with the teachers/assistants and their peers.

Work as hard as they can.

Demonstrate good behaviour and abide by the school code of conduct.

Accept ownership for their own behaviour and learning.

Co-operate and abide by any processes set in place to improve their own or others' behaviour.

Parents/Carers have the right to	Parents/Carers have the responsibility to
A safe, well-managed and stimulating environment for their children's education. Reasonable access to the school and to have their enquiries and concerns dealt with sympathetically and efficiently as far as is reasonable.	Ensure their child attends school regularly and arrives on time, wearing the correct uniform, with homework done, and suitably equipped for the day ahead. Be aware of school rules and procedures and encourage their child to abide by them.
Be well informed about their child's progress and prospects.	Show interest in their child's work and where possible provide support at home.
Be well informed about the school's rules and procedures.	Act as positive role models for their child in their relationship with school.
Be involved in key decisions regarding their	Attend planned meetings with teachers.
child's education.	Support school policies.
	Provide school with any background information which may affect their child's behaviour.

Specific Expectations throughout the school

Follow Our Golden Rule:

To Love, Learn and Grow together by following the example of Jesus.

This means:

At all times we are respectful to everyone, show good manners, speak politely and act with kindness.

Within the Classroom

We listen carefully when others speak.

We follow instructions first time.

We always work hard and try our best.

We respect all property within the classroom.

We consider others so we speak and behave kindly.

We help and support others.

When moving around school

- We follow the teacher or Line Leaders in quiet lines. The children at the front of the line hold open the doors for the rest of their class;
- We walk sensibly at all times (no running)
- We walk on the left in the corridor and on the stairs:
- If the fire bell rings, we walk safely and calmly when exiting the building;
- If you see an adult coming, give way or hold the door;
- Older children always give way to younger children;
- Don't cause a danger with your belongings;
- Don't drop litter and if you see some, pick it up.
- Always wipe your feet when coming inside the school.

In communal areas (hall / dining room)

- Walk calmly, no running;
- Sit correctly;
- Eat sensibly;
- Enjoy a chat but keep the noise level appropriate
- Remain in your seat unless going to the bin or serving hatch;
- Make healthy choices;
- If something is wrong, speak to the adult on duty
- Ask permission if you need to leave the room;
- Help to clean up at your own table, even if it is not your mess;
- Line up in a safe and mannerly way;
- No queue jumping or keeping spaces;
- Line up where adults ask;
- Carry your plate etc. carefully;
- Put your hand up and wait for an adult if you need something.
- No running in the dining room.

In the Playground

- Include those who want to take part in games;
- Share any equipment fairly; nobody can have more than one item;
- Use equipment properly and safely;
- Play games according to the agreed rules; play fair and no cheating;
- Speak kindly and nicely to each other;
- Use careful hands and feet;
- Stay away from muddy/dirty/dangerous areas;
- Stop playing and tidy away equipment as soon as you are asked;
- Line up in a straight and quiet line, facing the front when the bell or whistle goes without touching anyone else;
- Try to make sure no-one is playing alone unless they wish to.

Positive Reinforcement Strategies

Positive behaviour is re-enforced in a range of ways. On any given day in any classroom or break period you will observe: -

- Positive relationships between adults, adults and children and children to children
- Staff modelling expected behaviour
- Children being recognised, verbally praised for good behaviour;
- Children being treated with respect and manners;
 Children being thanked

Desirable Behaviour and Rewards

Desirable behaviour	Rewards
Saying 'Please' and 'Thank You'.	Quiet verbal praise.
Being a good sport.	Public verbal praise.
Treat others as you would like to be treated	Award in line with class system e.g. class sticker
yourself.	or certificate.
Opening doors for people.	Phone call home
Keeping the school tidy by putting litter in bins,	Official letter of praise home to parents.
keeping classrooms organised and taking care	House Points
of property.	Rainbow award – showing behaviours following
Helping to carry someone's bags if they perhaps	our learning characteristics.
have too many.	Whole School Love/Learn/Grow Awards
Helping younger/more vulnerable pupils.	Attendance Awards
Telling the truth.	Positions of responsibility
Admitting any mistakes.	Sent to Pastoral Leader of Phase
Being a good listener.	Sent to SLT Leader of Phase
Following instructions.	Sent to HT
Always doing your best.	Class reward board – sections removed (reveals
Sharing.	end of HT reward event)
Taking part in the lessons.	Class Champion
Respecting property and others' views and	Marking and feedback
opinions.	
Showing an awareness of safety for self and	
others.	
Including others.	

Undesirable behaviour and sanctions

Undesirable behaviour	Sanctions
Bad manners.	Directed 'look'.
Stealing.	Quick verbal reminder.
Treating people unfairly.	Targeted, specific verbal reminder.
Intimidation.	Use of assertive tone of voice (not shouting at a
Telling lies.	child).
Displaying a poor attitude to staff and peers.	Moved in the line.
Expressing bad temper.	Class system-based sanction e.g. loss of table
Talking behind people's backs.	points.
All forms of bullying.	Incident-specific activity/task.
Violence and aggression (verbal and physical).	Withdrawal of privileges e.g. representing school
Using inappropriate language.	at a sporting event.
Inappropriate physical contact including rough	Letter of apology.

play.	Time-Out in another classroom.
Huffing/sulking.	Time-Out at break or lunch.
Disrupting others.	Teacher/Pupil meeting.
Talking out of turn. Shouting out.	ELT member in charge of phase meeting
Leaving seat at wrong time/being where you	Placed on Daily Report Card.
shouldn't be.	SLT member in charge of phase meeting
Making inappropriate noises.	Parental consultation.
Not paying attention.	Fixed term exclusion (internal or external)
Willful damage to any property.	Permanent exclusion

The use of sanctions is characterised by common features:

- We make clear the reason for the sanction, referring to our desired behaviours.
- How behaviour needs to change.
- We avoid group sanctions and belittling children.
- We make a clear distinction between the behaviour and the individual by focusing on the behaviour that is appropriate / inappropriate and not the child.

In line with our Christian values the school takes a restorative justice approach to resolving behavioural issues. This is based on three key features:

Respect: everyone listening to each other. **Responsibility:** acknowledging your actions.

Repair: Identifying solutions that repair the harm and ensure behaviours are not repeated.

The Graduated Response

Level 1 Behaviours	Actions	Negative consequences – Level 1
 This is not an exhaustive list – teachers will use professional judgement. Being disrespectful to adults or other pupils; Not responding to instructions; Deliberately distracting others from their learning; Talking at inappropriate times; Telling lies; Disrespecting the school environment; Refusing to work; Forgetting PE kit; Not wearing the correct school uniform; Non-completion of homework; Bringing inappropriate items into school. 	Level 1 class incidents are dealt with by the class teacher. Parents/carers must be informed by class teacher if persistent Level 1 behaviours occur.	Look/signal to change behaviour. Verbal warning. Discussion of behaviour with class teacher/other adult – opportunity to change behaviour. Repeated Level 1 behaviour in the same lesson = Lose a percentage of their break/lunch time with class teacher. The pupil should continue their work or be given an appropriate activity to complete. If repeated Level 1 behaviour continues (kept in 3 times by the class teacher), the appropriate Pastoral Leader will be informed so that they are aware.

Level 2 Behaviours	Actions	Negative consequences – Level 2
This is not an exhaustive list – teachers will use professional judgement. Persistent/repeated Level 1 behaviours Deliberately damaging the environment or items within the environment Spitting; Continued disruption / defying instructions; Swearing; Leaving class without permission; Aggressive physical or verbal behaviour with intent to harm; Stealing.	Investigation into Level 2 incident completed by class teacher or adult dealing with the initial situation. Incident logged on CPOMS – following discussion with all pupils involved or witnessing the incident. The appropriate Pastoral Leader authorises the Level 2 sanction and logs the incident. Contact to be made by the class teacher with the pupil's parents or carers to discuss behaviour: either a phone call home or a discussion at the end of the day.	Parents informed. Lunchtime detention: with the pastoral leaders of the phase / SLT. The pupil will remain in the room – completing an appropriate task for the appropriate amount of time according to age. Loss of other privileges – monitor (3 episodes of lunchtime detention for persistent Level 1 behaviour) child will be removed from end of half term class reward event. Report Card instigated by Pastoral Lead to support improvement in behaviour. Repeated Level 2 behaviours mean that the child will not take part in the class end of half term reward event.

Level 3 Behaviours	Actions	Negative consequences – Level 3
This is not an exhaustive list – teachers will use professional judgement. Excessive number of Level 2 sanctions. Persistent fighting; More serious acts of aggression; Assault on staff; Severely disruptive in school; Verbal, sexual, racial or homophobic abuse of other children/adults; Persistent harassment/bullying of other children; E-bullying (inappropriate use of email)/texting/internet messaging); Placing self, other children and adults at risk;	Refer immediately to DH Parents asked to come into school, or contacted by telephone and a letter sent home.	Parents informed - this level of behaviour will warrant either an isolation or an exclusion (in or out of school). Individual Behaviour Plan instigated (SENCo).

Level 4 Behaviours	Actions	Negative consequences – Level 4
Repeated Level 3 behaviour	Discussion HT and parents	Suspension Permanent exclusion

The Headteacher may override these steps and intervene at an earlier opportunity depending on the severity and complexity of the incident.

Pupils with specific behaviour difficulties

Children who have specific behaviour difficulties will be supported with an Individual Behaviour Plan (IBP). The Assistant Head (Senco) will support this process. IBPs will be accessible to all staff.

If disruptive behaviour continues support / guidance is sought from outside agencies.

Reasonable Force / restraint

We follow the Department of Education Guidance 'Use of Reasonable Force 2015' which defines 'reasonable force' as using no more force than needed. Physical restraint is not permitted unless a child is posing a serious threat to themselves, others or property. Only minimum force should be applied and restraint should be relaxed as soon as possible and should only be used as a last resort.

A number of staff are trained in 'Steps' - De-escalation Programme and one of these members of staff may be called upon if it is felt that a child may need to be restrained if they are posing a health and safety risk to themselves and others.

All incidents where reasonable force / restraint is used are recorded in the Reasonable Force Book, which in kept in the AH office.

Definitions of bullying and how it differs from relational conflict

At St. Joseph's we have adopted the definition of bullying provided by the Anti-Bullying Alliance:

"Bullying is the <u>repetitive</u>, <u>intentional hurting</u> of one person or group by another person or group, where the relationship involves an <u>imbalance of power</u>. It can happen face to face or online."

Bullying can take many forms (verbal, physical, indirect and online). It is often motivated by prejudice against particular groups (for example on grounds of race, religion, gender, sexual orientation, special educational needs, or disabilities, or because a child is adopted, in care or has caring responsibilities). Bullying can be motivated by actual differences between children, or perceived differences.

However, we also recognise that incidents may occur between pupils, which may not be deemed as 'bullying' but still require support or intervention from trusted adults. These incidents may be referred to as 'relational conflicts' or falling out. Relational conflict differs to bullying in the fact that it is usually between individuals or groups who are relatively similar in power and status (a power balance), and the behaviours or incidents occur occasionally (not repetitive) or occur by accident (not intentional). Usually, following a relational conflict incident, pupils show remorse and there is a general willingness to make things right or to resolve the conflict.

Not all relational conflict or falling out leads to bullying, but our school is aware occasionally some can, and we are mindful that unresolved bad feelings or relationship problems left unaddressed can be the start of a pattern of behaviour in which the intention becomes to cause harm or distress.

Although bullying and relational conflicts can take place between individuals, we recognise that it often takes place in front of others (either physically or virtually), pupils who witness these incidents/behaviours are often referred to as 'bystanders'.

Regardless of whether an incident or situation is deemed as 'relational conflict' or 'bullying', our school will address the situation and support the pupils to resolve any negative feelings. Our school will monitor children following a relational conflict to ensure that the situation has been resolved and does not escalate to bullying. Our school will challenge, address, and monitor any incidents of bullying, to ensure that it does not continue and that <u>all</u> pupils feel supported (this will include the target, the alleged perpetrator, any bystanders, and the wider school community).

Bullying Allegation Flowchart

Discussions with the alleged victim



Alleged bullying incident observed or reported





Initial member of staff makes a judgement – there could be a bullying incident



Initial member of staff to whom this was reported passes the incident to the Deputy Headteacher – dealt with under Level 3 of the Positive Behaviour Policy



Investigation to include discussions with: alleged victim alleged perpetrator relevant members of staff other relevant parties and bystanders

Check CPOMS for any previous incidents Complete CPOMS record for all discussions



Make the finding – judgement of seriousness, severity, frequency, duration, intent, remorse



Make recommendations in line with Positive behavior and anti-bullying policy, including sanctions / reconciliation



Inform all concerned parties



Monitor

Initial member of staff makes a judgment – there is no bullying incident, but may be a relational conflict / falling out.



Dealt with by

Support Staff Class Teacher Phase Leader



Speak to all parties concerned including bystanders.



Restorative Justice Approach taken:

- Respect everyone listening to each
 other
- Responsibility acknowledging own actions
- Repair Identifying solutions that repair the harm and ensure the behaviours are not repeated.



Inform concerned parties as necessary e.g. class teacher / parents (if they raised the concern)



Record the incident on CPOMS

How is bullying prevented?

- We promote a supportive and inclusive environment which fosters mutual respect, consideration and care for others.
- Consider all opportunities for addressing bullying in all forms throughout the curriculum and supported with a range of approaches such as through displays, assemblies, peer support, pupil leadership groups.
- Through our PSHE curriculum we focus on friendships, building strong relationships and conflict resolution, as well as taking part in local and national events.
- Opportunities for circle time to discuss and resolve issues arising among peers.
- We work with staff and outside agencies (as necessary) to implement our positive behaviour policy, identify all forms of bullying and follow reporting and recording procedures.
- Actively provide opportunities to develop pupil's social and emotional skills, including their resilience.
- Provide a range of approaches for pupils, staff and parents/carers to report concerns and access support.

Links to legislation

There are a number of pieces of legislation which set out measures and actions for schools in response to bullying as well as criminal law. These may include:

- Keeping Children Safe in Education 2022
- The Education and Inspection Act 2006, 2011
- The Equality Act 2010
- The Children Act 1989
- Protection from Harassment Act 1997
- The Malicious Communications Act 1988
- Public Order Act 1986
- The Computer Misuse Act 1990

Links with other school policies and practices

This Policy links with a number of other school policies, as well as Trust policies, as St Joseph's Catholic Primary School is part of the St Thomas Catholic Academies Trust. Trust policies can be accessed here: Policies - St Thomas Catholic Academies Trust (stcat.co.uk)

- STCAT Safeguarding children policy and child protection procedure
- STCAT Complaints Policy
- ICT Acceptable Use Pupils

Responsibilities

It is the responsibility of:

- The Headteacher to communicate this policy with the school community, to ensure that
 measures are applied consistently and reasonably and that a member of the SLT is identified
 to take overall responsibility.
- Governors to monitor and review the policy
- All employees to support, uphold and implement this policy.
- Parents and carers to support their children and work in partnership with the school
- Pupils to abide by the policy.

Review

This is policy is updated annually.

Pupil Name _		Date		Гіте
Lunchtime Behaviour Incident Log				
Member of staff	:			
Where did this t	take place? (please circ	cle)		
playground	dining room	field	classroom	corridor
incident? Please cir	rcle			
not doing as told	saying unkind things	oushing others	hitting othes	
running in the dining i	room shouting in th	e dining room	inappropriate use of	play equipment
Other reason:				
Brief description				
Pupils' Account of	of the incident (incl	uding witnesse	es)	
Action Taken			Logged on C	POMS
			YES	NO
			11	to review actions taken w up as necessary.

Reasons for my behaviour

Behaviour Reflection

Consequences of my behaviour

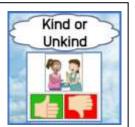
	-		How do I feel?
	<u>Name</u>		
	<u>Class</u>		
	<u>Date</u>		
	De	escription of my behavior (what did I do wrong?)	
			How has my behaviour affected others?
			,
			Any other consequences
What can I do to improve?			

Behaviour Reflection (EYFS/KS1)

Name	
Class	
Date	

You can draw your answers

What did I do wrong?



Who do I need to say sorry to?



What should I have done?

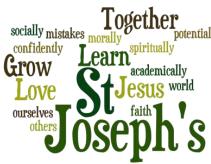


We Love, Learn and Grow together by following the example of Jesus

This means being:

Respectful to everyone
Showing good manners
Speaking politely
Acting with kindness







GRADUATED RESPONSE TO DEALING WITH BEHAVIOUR

